Submit Article

☑ ijhssm.paper@gmail.com



Current Issue

Home > Current Issue

Paper #	Paper Title / Author	Downloads	Photo	For Authors
1	Marketing Communication of Small and Medium Enterprises in Vietnam Le Thuy Huong Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 01-08 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	1034		 > Call for paper > Editorial Board > Author Guidelines
2	Information System Infrastructure Management Influence On Cyber Terrorism In Directorate Of Criminal Investigation, Nairobi County, Kenya Wabwire Godffrey Mukekhe (BA) , Dr. Peter Philip Wambua (PhD) Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 09-33 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	337		PUBLISH ARTICLES WITH IN 48 HOURS Publish your research with IJHSSM and engage with global scientific minds. PUBLISH ARTICLE TODAY
3	Improving the quality of Human resources at VNPT Hanoi Nguyen Dinh Nhat Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 34-38 Download Complete Paper Certificate	340		ABOUT IJHSSM

DOI : IJHSSM

On said to and supposed to A Corpora based Analysis Namkil Kang

4 Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 39-44 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM



196

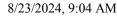
1 Paper Submission: Throughout the

month

☑ Acceptance Notification: Within 24

Hours

Publish Notification: Within 24 Hours



5	The Role of Government in Entrepreneurship Development in Nigeria Aikor, Shirgba Timothy Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 45-52 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	2507	
6	The Integration of ICT in Teaching and Learning the English Language in Nasarawa State Polytechnic LAFIA Challenges and Prospects LOUIS JOHN OGAH Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 53-61 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	268	
7	 Influence of Post Covid 19 Entrepreneurial Motivation on Small and Medium Scale Business Performance in Minna Metropolis Ibrahim Musa, Hassan Mohammed, Abdulrahman Salihu, Muhammad Musa Ibrahim Volume 2, Issue 4, 2022, Page No: 62-64 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI: IJHSSM 	228	
8	Problems Faced by Women Entrepreneurs in Different Entrepreneurial Trades Taruna ,Deepali Dhawan Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 65-68 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	226	
9	Coffee Drinker s Perspectives on MSMEs Coffee Shops IT Capability, InnovationCapability, and Purchasing Intentions Virgo Simamora, Lani Diana Wijaya Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 69-77 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	283	
10	An Assessment of Leadership Practices and Its Influence on Utilization of Monitoring and Evaluation Results In Non Governmental Organizations in Nairobi City County, Kenya Ombisa Robert Bruno Okwaro Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 78-109	223	

Download Complete Paper Certificate

DOI : IJHSSM

Lord of the Flies a Religious Fable DR. M. NARENDRA

- 11 Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 110-113 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM
- 326



Review on Use of ICT among Rural Areas

Ritu, Dr. Ella Rani Dr. Vandana Verma

12 Volume 2, Issue 4, 2022, Page No : 114-118 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM 215



13	Pharmacotherapy type 2 Diabetes Mellitus SHAH DHAVAL ,DR. JAYANT PATHARKAR Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 119-124 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	217	
14	Psychosocial Aspects Covid Disaster on Women andChildrenDr. Angela Khanna, Brig (Dr.) BK Khanna, Prof AmarjeetKaurVolume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 125-136Download Complete Paper CertificateDOI : IJHSSM	240	
15	Conceptualization of E research Kuber Prasad Bhetuwal Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 137-139 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	467	
16	Mediation analysis of Pre marital Sexual behaviour in Nigeria The direct and indirect effects of peer pressure, socioeconomic status, and parent child relationship E.O.,Oladunmoye (PhD), S.O.,Adegunle,Bukola,F., Lawal Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 140-148 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	334	
17	Folk Natya Tradition in Hindi Literature DR.Geeta Pant Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 149-151 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	5710	
18	The Assessment of Land Use Changes on the Environmental Quality in some Neighbourhoods in Port Harcourt, Nigeria Ayotamuno, A., Owei , O. B., Gobo, A. E. Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 152-165 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	292	

Conflict Management and Organizational Performance of Selected Oil Palm Organizations in Edo State, Nigeria

19



448

456

Download Complete Paper Certificate

Dr.D.J.Samatha Naidu, S.Peddireddy

DOI : IJHSSM

Prevention Efforts of Child Sexual Predator Harassers in Online Social Media

20

Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 171-174 Download Complete Paper Certificate

DOI : IJHSSM



21	Online Voting System A New Era of Election System for Democratic countries Dr Rajeev Singh,Er.Dileep Kumar Verma Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 175-181 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	807	
22	Palm Oil Industry a Viable Means for National Economic Development A Study of Adapalm Industry in Ohaji Egbema Local Government Area of Imo State, Nigeria CHUKWU, LAWSON ONYEMA , NNOSIRI, PROMISE A Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 182-190 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	219	
23	Effect of Salaries and Wages Administration as A Tool for Improving Employee s Performance in Zenith Bank Mubi Branch, Adamawa State Nigeria Rose Ezekiel Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 191-202 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	502	
24	Sustainability of Vegetable Farming Self Help Groups in Himachal Pradesh Surinder Singh, B.S. Hansra Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 203-211 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	223	
25	Using a New Vaginal Dose Evaluation System to Assess the Vaginal Dose Effect Relationship for Vaginal Stenosis after Definitive Radiotherapy in Carcinoma Cervix SHILPA UGGI Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 217-218 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	164	
26	Can JEEViKA led SHGs empower Didis Case Studies from Rural Bihar Dr. Anju Helen Bara, Adrija Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 219-224 Download Complete Paper Certificate	247	

4 IMG 2019030. < 🔕

Covid 19 Pandemic and Employment in India An

Empirical Study

DOI : IJHSSM

Yasar Mehmood, Dr. Pranav Kumar Anand

27

Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 225-232 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM



236

28	Family Ormiridae (Insecta Hymenoptera) as ectoparasitoid idiobionts of gall inducing, fruit fly and hyperparasitoids of other hymenoptera parasitoids Carlos Henrique Marchiori Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 233-248 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	311	
29	Leadership Styles and Employees Performance A Theoretical Perspective Gbawa, Moses,Amah, Edwinah (PhD),Nkasiobi OtuonyeOkocha Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 249-256 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	569	
30	The Influence of Non Governmental Organizations Capacity Development Education Interventions on Community Empowerment in Nakuru County, Kenya M.W. Mutiga , M.M. Mutuku , L.N. Kinuthia, A. Olubandwa Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 257-264 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	319	
31	Awareness of Internet Banking among Rural Women With Reference to Kodagu District Muthamma K.K. , Raghavendra Prasad N Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 265-272 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	241	
32	Understanding Public Art A Review on History, Revolution and Importance Ashlesha D. Komajwar,Dr. Amrita Rajput Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 273-277 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	404	
33	Effect of Effective Performance Appraisal on Employee Performance in Adamawa State University Mubi, Adamawa State Nigeria Rose Ezekiel Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 278-290 Download Complete Paper Certificate	168	

DOI : IJHSSM

How to Achieve Success in Practical Life

Md Hasanujjaman

34 Volume 2, Issue 4, 2022, Page No : 291-293
 Download Complete Paper Certificate
 DOI : IJHSSM

The Third Path in Indonesian Literary Politics After Lekra and Manikebu Clashed

YosephYapiTaum

Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 294-300

Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM 169

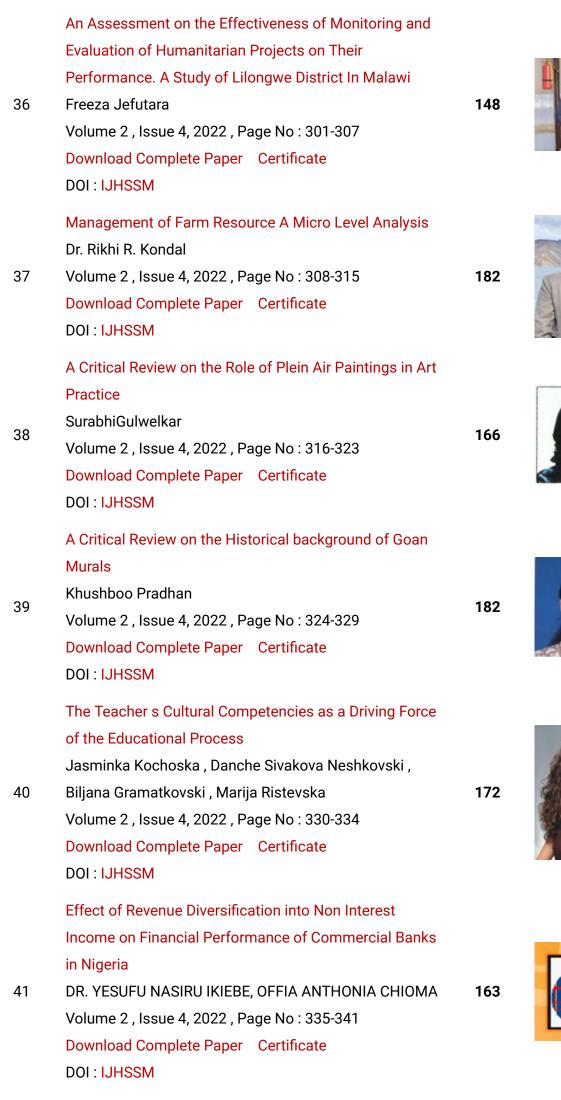
167





5 of 11

35



The Marginalization of Muslim Women Patriarchy, Polygamy, Tradition and Religion in Mariama Bas So













Long a Letter

42 Dr. JayantS.Cherekar

Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 342-346 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM 155

230

A General Overview of Theoretical Approaches on Sex Work Heating Debates among Various Strands Akwinder Kaur

43

Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 347-351 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM



44

45

46

47

48

49

Moderating Role of Ownership Concentration on the Effect of Payable and Receivable Days on Firm Performance in Listed Industrial and Consumer Goods Companies in Nigeria LAMBE, Isaac,ORBUNDE, Bemshima, Ph.D., TION, Williams A,DZUGWAHI, Haruna Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 352-369 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	149	Ć
Relationship Leadership of Farmers Group with Group Dynamics in Mekar Jaya Village Bandar Sribhawono District Lampung Timu District Irwan Effendi,Indah Listiana,Ryan Zuhrul Amin,Indah Nurmayasari,Helvi Yanfika Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 370-373 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	148	C
Humanism The Main Theme in the Writings of Annabahu Sathe Dr. N.P. Kudkekar Associate. Professor Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 374-377 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	203	C
Propaganda in the crisis of Darfur Region of Sudan Pally Ejime Agidi PhD Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 378-391 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	161	
Types of Carpet in India Gayatri, Sakshi, Harsha Rawat Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 392-400 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	163	C
Evolution of Indian Defense Ashish Mathur, Chaitrali Gaidhani , Devaansh Soni , Devansh Jain , Devarya Shah Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 401-412 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	168	Ć











Early History of the Local Self Government in India

Dr.Chandrika C.S

50 Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 413-416 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM

178

Entrepreneurship versus Management A Significant Difference

51

Bello, A , Saka, T.A , Dangana, K.A ,Alakoso, I.K Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 417-423 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM







52	Problems Faced by Handmade Carpet Industry and Suggestions for their Solution Gayatri , Sakshi, Rajnish Kumar Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 431-435 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	224	C
53	Stakeholder Participation and Utilization of Monitoring and Evaluation Results The Case of Non Governmental Organizations in Nairobi City County, Kenya Ombisa Robert Bruno Okwaro Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 436-467 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	158	
54	A Study on the Effectiveness of School FeedingProgramme on Attendance and Academic Performance of Learners in Kasungu District. Justin Makamo,Dr.V. Dhanalakshmi Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 468-476 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	159	
55	Taxation and Economic Growth Nexus Emperical Evidence From Nigeria. ABERE Benjamin Olusola PhD ,EGBUWALO Moses Orimolade Ph.D , ABU Imran Enike Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 477-488 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	142	
56	Future Aspect of AR Technology in Metaverse and Retail Trade Sayali Bankar,Hardik Mahale Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 489-494 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	157	E
57	Human Capital Development, Productivity and Output Growth in the Nigerian Economy Associate Prof. EKIRAN, Joseph Ojo ,OLASEHINDE, IretiOlamide Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 495-504 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	144	

School Location and Students Attraction to Polytechnics

in the North Central States of Nigeria

KOCE, Henry Diko Ph.D

Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 505-516

Download Complete Paper Certificate

DOI : IJHSSM

58



172

59	Strategies de gestion de risques chez les eleveurs peuls de la region de Diffa au Niger de l adaptation a la resilience LAOUALI Abdoulkadri , ABDOU Harouna , ABDOU Maman Manssour , ALZOUMA MAYAKI Zoubeirou Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 517-528 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	144	
60	Perceptional Socialimpact of Flood A Study on Kerala Floods BASHEER K.S,Dr.RUPAGUNASEELAN Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 529-538 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	156	
61	Tax Laws on Crypto currencies and NFTs are Being Implemented in Indonesi Waluyo Slamet Pradoto, Doris Rahmat Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 539-545 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	141	
62	Impact of Cobblestone Mining in Nagaland A case study of Naginimora, Mon district Imtikokla Ozukum,Longjai Konyak Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 546-554 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	142	
63	The Contribution OfFamily Factors to Dropping Out Of School in District Purba Burdwan, West Bengal, India Subhadip Ghosh Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 555-558 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	150	
64	The Role Of Ngo s And Government In Education System In India SONIA YASMIN Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 559-563 Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM	153	
	Energy consumption and economic growth nexus		

2019)

65

66

Owolabi Williams Adeyemi, Olanipekun Emmanuel Falade, Ph.D

Evidence from sectoral analysis in Nigeria (1981 to

Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 564-584

Download Complete Paper Certificate

DOI : IJHSSM

Changing Trends in Women Education and Women Empowerment

SUSMITA GHOSH

Volume 2 , Issue 4, 2022 , Page No : 585-593

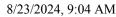
Download Complete Paper Certificate DOI : IJHSSM 143

147





9 of 11





IJHSSM.ORG

ADDITIONAL LINKS

International Journal of Humanities > Impact Factor Social Science and Management > Submit Manuscript

ijhssm © Copyrights 2022

the enhancement of research in various disciplines of Humanities, Education, Managementand Social Science.	> Pay Fees> Contact us
¥ f	
QUICK LINKS	CONTACT US
> Call for Paper	42 A, Second Street, Hamirpur Rourkela
> Topics	Sundargarh Odisha India 769003
> Author Guidelines	ijhssm.paper@gmail.com
> Check paper Status	
> Peer Review Process	

11 of 11

8/23/2024, 9:04 AM

Submit Article

☑ ijhssm.paper@gmail.com



Editorial Board

Home > Editorial Board

Editor-In-Chief

Dr. M. Kaalappan,

Post Doc (university of California), Ph.D (IIT madras), M.Tech (BITS Pilani)

Director, AIM College of Engineering and Technology, Pune, India

Associate Editor

Dr. R. Rukhmani

Ph.D (BITS Pilani), M.Tech (IIT Bombay)

Dean & Professor, KITE College of Technology, Bangalore, India

Associate Editor

Dr. Mschey Shesny , Ph.D

Professor Mishhet University Polytechnic, New Zealand

Editorial board

Dr. Rupen Chatterjeer Qualification: M.Sc M.Phil Ph.D (Mathematics) M.Sc (



For Authors

> Call for paper

>Editorial Board

> Author Guidelines

PUBLISH ARTICLES WITH IN 48 HOURS

Publish your research with IJHSSM and engage with global scientific minds.

PUBLISH ARTICLE TODAY

ABOUT IJHSSM

B Journal Frequency: Monthly

Environmental Science) Institute Name: Nabagram Hiralal Paul College Working as: State Aided College Teacher Country: India Article Published: 10



Qualification: PhD, Mcom, MBA, JRF, NET, SET, PGDCMA, PODCA, Bed etc...

Institute Name: MES Keveeyam College Valanchery Working as: Assistant professor& Head of Department Country: India Article Published: 11





1 Paper Submission: Throughout the

month

☑ Acceptance Notification: Within 24

Hours

Publish Notification: Within 24

Hours

Mr. Tyover Samuel, lorkosu

Qualification: PhD, Msc, Bsc all in Sociology, PGDE Institute Name: Federal University, Lafia Working as: lecturer Country: Nigeria Article Published: 10

Dr. Atul k. Pimpalshende

Qualification: M.sc. M.c.m. M.A. ph.D. B.ed.. DMLT Institute Name: Vidya Niketan, chandrapur Working as: Lecturer Country: India Article Published: 8

Dr. Sangeetha

Qualification: M.B.A Ph.D Institute Name: Christ Academy Working as: Assistant Professor Country: India Article Published: 8

Assoc. Prof. Ajay Kumar Agarwal

Qualification:Ph.D.-ME; M.Tech.-ME; M.B.A.-OB & HRD; B.Tech.-ME Institute Name: JB Knowledge Park, Faridabad (Delhi NCR, Haryana, India) Working as: Associate Prof. in Mechanical Engineering Department Country: India Article Published: 25

Engr. Dr. ISRAEL OLABODE AROGE

Qualification: PHD Institute Name: FIVE(5) Working as: LECTURER 11 Country: Nigeria Article Published: 7

J. I. Sozaowei

Qualification: B. Eng, M. Sc, PhD Institute Name: Reliability evaluation and Power Loss of a Gas Turbine Power Plant in Nigeria. Working as: Engineer Country: Nigeria Article Published: 3



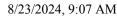




Mr. Maneesh P

Qualification: M.Phil., Ph.D Institute Name: KL University Working as: Assistant Professor Country: India Article Published: 25





Dr. Gurusharan Kaur

Qualification: P.hD in Mathematics Institute Name: Department of Computer Science and Mathematics, Career College, Bhopal Working as: Associate Professor Country: India Article Published: 15



Dr. ASHA MURSHIDA MUTHALIB

Qualification: BUMS, PhD Institute Name: University of Colombo Working as: Head, Department of Clinical Medicine Country: Sri Lanka Article Published: 81

Dr. Rakesh Kumar Verma

Qualification: Ph.D. in Mathematics Institute Name: Sagar Institute of Research & Technology Excellence Bhopal, M.P. Working as: Associate Professor Country: India Article Published: 15



Mr. Amrit Dhakal

Qualification: PhD candidate Institute Name: Jitpur Secondary School Working as: Vice Principal Country: Nepal Article Published: 6

Mr. Oluwatope Emmanuel Noah

Qualification: M.Ed Institute Name: Finniy Integrated Services Working as: HSE Instructor Country: Nigeria Article Published: 3

Mr. LOGESH

Qualification: M.E (Ph.D) Institute Name: SREE SAKTHI ENGINEERING COLLEGE Working as: ASSISTANT PROFESSOR Country: India Article Published: 19







Dr. Anukriti Sharma

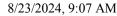
Qualification: Ph.D Institute Name: SIRT Bhopal Working as: Professor Country: India Article Published: 10



Dr. Mohamed Ismail Abdel-Ghaffar Fayed

Qualification: PhD. Institute Name: Agricultural Engineering, Faculty of Agriculture, Zagazig University, Egypt Working as: Researcher Country: Egypt Article Published: 2





International Journal of Humanities Social Science and Management IJHSSM

Dr. Anil Gaikwad

Qualification: MCA,MBA,M.Phil,Ph.D. Institute Name: Bharati Vidyapeeth Deemed University,Pune. Institute of Management , Kolhapur. Working as: Associate Professor Country: India Article Published: 55



Mr. ATUL JAIN

Qualification: LL.M NET Institute Name: AMITY UNIVERSITY, HARYANA Working as: ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR Country: India Article Published: 8



Dr. Dr. Ashok Naikar

Qualification: BAMS M&S AYU Institute Name: Ä'kj ayurvedic medical college and pg CENTRE BIDAR KARNATAKA Working as: Associate prof Country: India Article Published: 14

Dr. Mohamed Abdulrahman AL-Amoudi

Qualification: PHD - Electrical and communication Engineering Institute Name: STC Working as: manager Country: Saudi Arabia Article Published: 11

Dr. SARAVANA KUMAR

Qualification: M.Sc.,M.Phil.,Ph.D Institute Name: Karpagam Academy of Higher Education Working as: Associate Professor Country: India Article Published: 30



Qualification: PhD Analytical Chemistry Institute Name: Adamawa State University, Mubi Nigeria Working as: Senior Lecturer Country: Nigeria Article Published: 2







Dr. Panchali Karmakar

Qualification: M. Sc., M. Phil., Ph. D. Institute Name: Jorhat kendriya mahavidaya, Jorhat, Assam Working as: Assistant professor Country: India

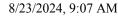




Qualification: Ph.D, M.Phil, MBA Institute Name: SRM BUSINESS SCHOOL, LUCKNOW Working as: ASSISTANT PROFESSOR Country: India Article Published: 55







Dr. Somasundaram

Qualification: Ph.D Institute Name: 223, Rukmini Shanmugam Polytechnic College Working as: Principal I/c Country: India **Article Published: 21**



Dr. VIMAL PRIYAN

Qualification: M.Com., M.Phil., Ph.D., Institute Name: Sri Vidhya College of Arts and Science, Virudhunagar, Tamilnadu, India Working as: Head, Department of Commerce Country: India **Article Published: 52**



Dr. MOHAMMAD SAMI

Qualification: Ph.D Institute Name: SWARNA BHARATHI INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND **TECHNOLOGY, KHAMMAM** Working as: ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR **Country:** India **Article Published: 11**



Qualification: Ph.D Institute Name: Lovely Professional University, Punjab Working as: Assistant Professor Country: India **Article Published: 13**

Mr. Bappayo Magaji Abubaakar

Qualification: Ph.d Institute Name: NIGERIA CUSTOMS SERVICE Working as: Technical supervisor Country: Nigeria **Article Published: 3**

Dr. Kishore Mukhopdhyay

Qualification: B.Sc, B. P.Ed, M.P.Ed, PhD, Dip in Physiology (USA), DIP in Nutrition (UK), Institute Name: Union Christian Training College Working as: Associate Professor Country: India **Article Published: 40**









Qualification: Ph.D **Institute Name: 7** Working as: Assistant professor Country: India **Article Published: 20**



Dr. Dr.Brijesh Singh Chauhan

Qualification: M.Sc.(Physics) and Ph.D in Space Science Institute Name: teaching in highereducation Working as: Gf in physics of government college **Country:** India Article Published: 15



International Journal of Humanities Social Science and Management IJHSSM

https://ijhssm.org/editorial-board.php

Dr. Mahesh Kumar Gupta

Qualification: M Sc Ph. D Institute Name: M S J College Bharatpur Rajasthan India 321001 Working as: Associate professor Country: India Article Published: 24



Dr. Saravana Kumar

Qualification: Ph.D Institute Name: Jain University, Bangalore Working as: Assistant Professor Country: India Article Published: 7



Qualification: MA PhD Institute Name: Dau Dayal Mahila PG College, Firozabad Working as: Assistant Professor Country: India Article Published: 10

Dr. Ishrat Naaz

Qualification: PhD (Education) Institute Name: School of Education, Galgotias University Working as: Assistant Professor Country: India Article Published: 20

Mr. Basawaraj Malipatil

Qualification: MLISc, M.Phil Institute Name: Dr. Ambedkar First Grade College Rangampet Shorapur Yadagir Karnataka State Working as: LIBRARIAN Country: India Article Published: 10

Mr. Prasanna

Qualification: M Com. MPhil. B Ed(PhD) Institute Name: Rural College Working as: Assistant Professor Country: India Article Published: 3

Mr. PRAVEEN

Qualification: M.Sc Physics (PhD)











Institute Name: Dr.NGP ASC Working as: ASSISTANT PROFESSOR IN PHYSICS Country: India Article Published: 3

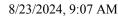
Mr. RISHABH ANAND

Qualification: Postdoc (ML& AI), Ph.D (Computer Science) and MBA

Institute Name: HCL TECHNOLOGIES LTD. Working as: GLOBAL SERVICE DELIVERY MANAGER Country: India

Article Published: 36





Dr. DHANALAXMI

Qualification: Ph.D Institute Name: KAKATIYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCE Working as: ASSISTANT PROFESSOR **Country:** India **Article Published: 9**



Dr. Sai Chandra Jillepally

Qualification: PhD Institute Name: JNTUH College of Engineering Sultnapur Working as: Assistant Professor Country: India Article Published: 15



Dr. Nalla Bala Kalyan

Qualification: MBA., PhD Institute Name: Sri Venkateswara College of Engineering, Karakambadi Road, Tirupati Working as: Associate Professor Country: India **Article Published: 65**



Qualification: MS in Economics Institute Name: Daffodil International University Working as: Assistant Professor & Head, Department of Real Estate **Country:** Bangladesh **Article Published: 71**

Dr. Radha Krishna Lal

Qualification: M.Sc,Ph.D Institute Name: PU Working as: Research Scholar Country: India **Article Published: 7**

Dr. Uzma Parveen Shaikh

Qualification: M.Sc. ph.d Institute Name: Dr. Rafiq Zakaria College for Women, Aurangabad Working as: Assistant Professor Country: India Article Published: 15









Dr. Dr. Modali S S S Srinivas

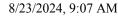
Qualification: Ph.D **Institute Name: NRIIT** Working as: Associate Professor Country: India Article Published: 15



Qualification: PhD Institute Name: Mewar International University Working as: Professor **Country:** Nigeria **Article Published: 54**







Mr. Shiva Kumar Mishra

Qualification: M.A., Sanskrit, Ph-D Institute Name: K.S.College Laheriasari Darbhanga, LNMU Working as: HOD of Sanskrit Country: India Article Published: 51



Dr. Gopal Kumar Jha

Qualification: PhD Institute Name: Govt. High School Working as: Secondary English Teacher Country: India **Article Published:** 5



Dr. Aakriti jain

Qualification: Ph.D Institute Name: sagar institute of research and technologyexcellence, bhopal Working as: Associate professor **Country: BHOPAL Article Published: 8**

Dr. JOSE JULIAN RIVERA

Qualification: PhD Eng. Institute Name: civil engineering, transport, roads, materials Working as: xxxx **Country:** Argentina **Article Published: 96**

Dr. Durga venkata kusuma

Qualification: PhD Institute Name: Sree Kavitha institute of management Working as: Assoc. Prof Country: India Article Published: 30+

Dr. Ravi Kumar

Qualification: PhD Institute Name: Amrita sai institute of science and technology Working as: Professor **Country:** India Article Published: 60+

Mr. ROHIT KUMAR

Qualification: Phd pursuing









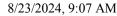


Institute Name: Govt polytechnic dehri on sone Working as: Lecturer Country: India **Article Published: 5**



Qualification: P.hd Institute Name: Associate professor Working as: Teacher Country: India **Article Published: 3**





https://ijhssm.org/editorial-board.php

Dr. RAMAN KUMAR

Qualification: Ph. D Institute Name: Freelance faculty of Physics Working as: Physics faculty Country: India Article Published: 2



Dr. M. Petchimuthu

Qualification: Ph. D Institute Name: Fish pathology Working as: Teaching Assistant Country: India Article Published: 3

Dr. Seethiya Mahajan

Qualification: Ph.D. plant pathology Institute Name: Khalsa Agriculture college, Amritsar Working as: Assistant professor Country: India Article Published: 14

Dr. Abhishek kumar

Qualification: PhD(Electrical Engineering) Institute Name: RTCIT RANCHI Working as: ASSISTANT PROFESSOR Country: India Article Published: 1

Dr. GUFRAN ALAM

Qualification: Ph.D. Institute Name: Patna University, Patna, Bihar, India Working as: Assistant Professor Country: India Article Published: 9

Dr. Narayan kumar jha

Qualification: Ph. D. Institute Name: R. B. Jalan Bela College, Bela, Darbhanga Working as: Assistant Professor Country: India Article Published: 20+

Dr. Arbind Kumar Gupta Qualification: PhD Institute Name: Banda University of Agriculture and Technology











Banda UP Working as: Assistant Professor Country: India Article Published: 14

Dr. Abhishekh Kumar Pandey

Qualification: M.Sc Mathematics, M.Ed, Ph.D In Teacher Education Institute Name: Kingway Technical Institute (B.Ed College), Kulharia, Kaimur, Bihar Working as: Assistant Professor Country: India Article Published: 20



Dr. Narayan Kumar Jha

Qualification: Ph.D. Institute Name: R. B. Jalan Bela College Working as: Assistant Professor Country: India **Article Published: 14**

Dr. Mohammad Rashed Hasan Polas

Qualification: PhD Institute Name: Limkokwing University of Creative Technology, Malaysia Working as: PhD Research Fellow Country: Malaysia **Article Published: 21**

Dr shipra

Qualification: P.hd Institute Name: Worker college jamshedpur jharkhand Working as: Assistant professor **Country:** India **Article Published: 9**

M G DR.PRASANNA KUMAR

Qualification: M.Com., MBA, PGDHE, MA(Economics), Ph.D Institute Name: Besant Evening College Working as: Assistant Professor Country: India **Article Published: 25**

Dr. Dmytro Marchenko

Qualification: PhD in Tribology (Friction and wear in cars) Institute Name: Mykolayiv National Agrarian University Working as: Associate Professor, Deputy dean on academic affairs of Engineering and Energy Faculty, Lecturer **Country:** Ukraine **Article Published: 208**

Prof. Suvarnarajesh

Qualification: Msc.ph.d.B.Ed., Institute Name: Hubli Working as: As principal **Country:** India **Article Published: 2**

Mr. JANMEJAY SINGH













Qualification: PH.D.IN LAW Institute Name: HIGH COURT Working as: LEGAL RESEARCHER Country: India **Article Published: 7**



Dr. Anil Trimbakrao Gaikwad

Qualification: MCA,MBA,M.Phil,Ph.D. Institute Name: Bharati Vidyapeeth Deemed University, Pune. Institute of Management , Kolhapur. Working as: Associate Professor Country: India Article Published: 55



Mr. Bankole, Philip Ajibola

Qualification: M.Sc Mathematics, B.Sc Mathematics, NCE Mathematics/Physics Education Institute Name: Adeniran Ogunsanya College of Education Working as: Lecturer **Country: Nigeria Article Published: 9**





Qualification: PhD Institute Name: Nitte Meenakshi Institute of Technology Working as: Professor Country: India **Article Published: 48**

Mr. Mohd Shoeb

Qualification: M.Phil, M.com, NET, Ph.D Institute Name: Zakir Husain Delhi College (Evening) University of Delhi Working as: Assistant Professor Country: India **Article Published: 7**



Qualification: Ph.D., M.Phil., MBA, M.Com. Institute Name: Amity University Working as: Assistant professor Country: India **Article Published: 20**

Dr. Manikandan

Qualification: M.A., M.Phil., UGC-NET., NTS-DF., Ph.D., UGC-PDF Institute Name: Alagappa university Working as: Research Associate **Country:** India **Article Published: 10**

Mr. SREEKANTHIS

Qualification: M.COM.MBA.M.PHIL PGDCA DIFA.DOING.PHD Institute Name: RDBCOLLEGE PAPANASAM TAMILNADU Working as: ASSISTANT PROFESSOR Country: India **Article Published: 14**













Qualification: DSc. hc., PhD., MSc Biotechnology, MSc Zoology, **MBA Biotechnology** Institute Name: Gujarat Ecological Education and Research Foundation, Govt. of Gujarat, India Working as: Former Ecologist, Independent Scientist **Country:** India

Article Published: 15 Articles 5 Books 2 Patents



Mr. Najeem Olawale Adelakun

Qualification: ND, HND, BSc., MNIPES, MNSBE, MIAER, MACM, MIETI, GMNSE. Institute Name: The Federal Polytechnic Ilaro, Ogun State, Nigeria. Working as: Lecturer / Researcher **Country:** Nigeria **Article Published: 10**



Qualification: M.COM., M.PHIL., M.COM(CA)., M.B.A., PGDCA., PH.D., NET., SET., Institute Name: xxxxxx Working as: ASSISTANT PROFESSOR **Country:** India **Article Published: 11**

M S Ajimuse

Qualification: ph.D Institute Name: Federal university oye- Ekiti Working as: lecturer **Country:** Nigeria **Article Published: 15**

Dr. Manvendra Singh

Qualification: Phd Institute Name: JEMTEC, SCHOOL OF LAW, GREATR NOIDA Working as: Assistant Professor Country: India **Article Published: 12**

Dr. JITENDER

Qualification: Phd Institute Name: Department of agriculture and farmers welfare Working as: Assistant technical manager **Country:** India **Article Published: 5**

Mr. Madan Mohan

Qualification: (PhD) Institute Name: Swarnandhra college of engineering technology Working as: Assistant professor **Country:** India **Article Published:** 5

Dr. Pervaz Ahmad Ganie

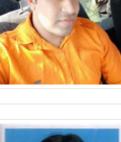












Qualification: Ph.D M.Phil Institute Name: GDC for Women Sopore Working as: Assistant Professor Country: India **Article Published: 14**



Qualification: M.A., MBA. Ph.D. (Psychology) Institute Name: Lovely Professional University, Phagwara Working as: Associate Professor Country: India **Article Published: 24**





https://ijhssm.org/editorial-board.php

Dr. Balaji Shivaji Thorat

Qualification: Ph.D. Institute Name: Dr. Balasaheb Sawant Konkan Krishi Vidyapeeth, Dapoli Working as: Assistant Professor Country: India Article Published: 20



Dr. SANJAIGANDHI

Qualification: Ph.D Institute Name: Manonmaniam sundaranar university Working as: Research scholar Country: India Article Published: 8

Dr. Pratik Chandrasekhar Parkarwar

Qualification: M. D. S Institute Name: PDU Dental College Solapur Working as: Assoc.Proffesor Country: India Article Published: 45



Qualification: M.E Institute Name: Sri venkateshwaraa College of engineering and technology Working as: Assistant professor Country: India Article Published: 6

Dr. Sunil Kumar

Qualification: PhD Postdoc Fellow Institute Name: Nanoparticles for Malaria treatment Working as: Postdoc Fellowship Country: India Article Published: 7

Dr. A.K. Yadav

Qualification: M.Sc Ph.D Institute Name: Government P.G. College Datia Madhya Pradesh Working as: Associate professor Country: India Article Published: 46









Prof. Dr. DARURI VENUGOPAL

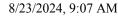


Qualification: PH.D Institute Name: OPJS UNIVERSITY Working as: PROFESSOR Country: India Article Published: 35

Dr. Sushil Kumar

Qualification: M.Sc Ph.D **Institute Name:** Assistant professor in C.C.S. P.G College Heonra Etawah Uttar Pradesh **Working as:** Assistant professor



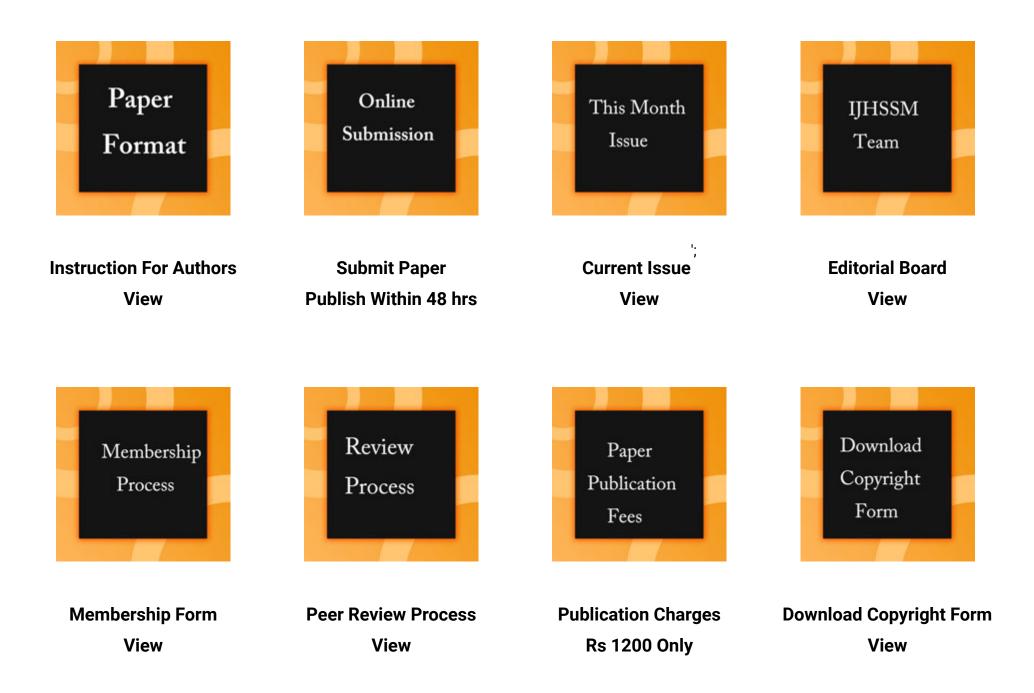


SUBMIT YOUR ARTICLE TODAY

Publish in Well reputed International referred Journal Technology Belagavi Working as: Associate Professor Country: India Article Published: 11



Fast Publication within 48 hrs in minimum fees 1200 Rs



SUBMIT NOW

IJHSSM.ORG

ADDITIONAL LINKS

International Journal of Humanities Social Science and Management (IJHSSM) is an international peer reviewed, online journal published for the enhancement of research in various disciplines of Humanities, Education, Managementand Social Science.

> Impact Factor
 > Submit Manuscript
 > Editorial Board

> Pay Fees

> Contact us

ijhssm © Copyrights 2022

QUICK LINKS

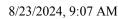
CONTACT US

- > Call for Paper
- > Topics
- > Author Guidelines
- > Check paper Status
- > Peer Review Process

42 A, Second Street, Hamirpur Rourkela Sundargarh Odisha India 769003

ijhssm.paper@gmail.com

15 of 15





The Third Path in Indonesian Literary Politics: After Lekra and Manikebu Clashed

YosephYapiTaum

Date of Submission: 20-09-2022	Date of Acceptance: 05-10-2022

Abstract

Lekra and Manikebu are two arts and cultural organizations in Indonesia that bring different artistic ideologies: "art for the people" and "art for art." In literary history, both of them negate each other; both use power to silence their opponents. Both are eager of power, bringing a totalitarian ideology that wants to change the tradition of creative and open thinking into something single and "independent". Both of them are banned organizations by the Indonesian government. We still feel the impact of the conflicts today. During the New Order, issues of violent politics were rarely represented in literary works. To date, there has not been any Indonesian literary work worldwide that has won a Nobel Prize, for example, even though we adhere to the ideology of universal humanism. This paper tries to find a third path of literary politics, which is needed as a guide not only for academics, but more for Indonesian writers in their work. The third path is a necessity if we want a climate that is conducive to the growth and development of Indonesian literature, towards a higher value literature.

Keywords: Lekra, Manikebu, socialist realism, universal humanism, the third path.

I. INTRODUCTION

In the history of Indonesian literature, the dispute between the Lekra group (short for the People's Cultural Institute) which carries the ideology of socialist realism art (art for the people), and the Manikebu group (a satirical abbreviation of the Cultural Manifesto) which carries the art ideology of universal humanism (art for art) became a very prominent phenomenon (Taum, Literature, and Politics: Representations of the 1965 Tragedy in the New Order State, 2015). The issue of "politics in literature" and vice versa "literature in politics" once controlled the public sphere of literary history and dragged academics, performers of the arts, and their sympathizers into violent and ideological debates. The Lekras were accused of dragging politics so far

into Indonesian literature through the policy of "politics is the commander". The Manikebu people were accused of being Western stooges who brought art into elitism, isolated from the dynamics and heterogeneity of the Indonesian nation. They are even accused of demeaning the people and their traditions.

Both sides rely on political power to cancel each other out while claiming ideological truth. Lekra writers' closeness to the PKI and the power of the Old Order, as well as their control of the dominant mass media at that time, made Lekra win the battle. By using the hands of political power, they succeeded in silencing the Manikebu writers. On May 8, 1964, President Soekarno banned Manikebu, which was considered counterrevolutionary. Literary works produced by the literary man Manikebu are prohibited from circulating.

After the September 30, 1965 incident, the situation reversed. AjibRosidi calls it a "reversed pendulum," Keith Foucher likens it to a spinning wheel (Samboja, 2010). President Soeharto took power from Soekarno, placed the PKI as a banned party, executed the PKI political elite, massacred and imprisoned PKI people, including almost all Lekra writers (Muhammad, 1980). All literary works written by the Lekras are prohibited from circulating.

This description shows that both Lekra and Manikebu were assigned the status of "forbidden organizations" by the Government of the Republic of Indonesia (Hoerip, 1982). Mutually silence each other's right to speak, the right to express opinions of their opponents. They both experienced bad luck, even though the suffering of the Lekra people was far worse than those of the Manikebu people (Hoerip, 1982).

What impact will the struggle for ideology and power between Lekra and Manikebu have on the development of Indonesian literature? How was political violence represented in literary works during the reign of the New Order? Likewise during



the reform era? How do we view the relationship between literature and politics? Are our writers today inspired and motivated to write and discuss major political themes that occur in our country? What is the relationship between literature and our politics today?

To answer the above questions, I will start by exposing the ideological positions of Lekra and Manikebu. It is from this ideological position that we trace the impact and various other consequences. It is time for those questions to be discussed openly. It is also time for literary scientists to gather to discuss the third path of literary politics after the two groups of arts organizations have crushed each other.

THE IDEOLOGICAL POSITION OF LEKRA AND MANIKEBU

There have been many writings that reveal the ideological positions of Lekra (RhomaDwi Aria Yuliantri, 2008) and Manikebu (DS Moeljanto, 1995), including those of academics (Taum, Collective Indonesian Memories of the 1965 Tragedy, 2015). I repeat by giving a long explanation. There were a few notes relating to the context of the birth of the two cultural organizations that I present as a basis for further discussion. However, Lekra and Manikebu did not appear suddenly. They came from a process that was truly historical. Therefore, the context of the birth of the two institutions needs to be examined.

Lekra was born in the same year as the year of the "Gelanggang Trust Letter" declaration. The letter was declared on February 18, 1950, among others by Chairil Anwar, AsrulSani, RifaiApin, M. Balfas, Henk Nantung. Six months later, on August 17, 1950, the People's Cultural Institute (Lekra) was born, which was initiated by D. N. Aidit, Njoto, M. S. Ashar, and A.S. Dharta. Not all Lekra members were members of the PKI(Tau15).

In July 1961, at the Plenary session of the central leadership of Lekra, the slogan "politics is commander" was accepted as a principle of creative work, but not as an instruction or necessity (Samboja, 2010). The reason they accepted this motto was that in the 1950s there was propaganda that wanted to expel or alienate artists and writers from the political arena. The propaganda that was launched, among other things, said that politics was only a matter for political people, that politics was dirty while artists and writers were holy, so they did not need to be involved in political affairs, including in their art. This propaganda was seen as against the spirit of the National Awakening (Ajoeb, 2004).

This context clearly shows the difference in principle between the Gelanggang Belief with the ideology of universal humanism and Lekra which promotes socialist realism.

What was Lekra fighting for? In its Preamble it is stated, "Lekra advises its members, but also to artists, scholars, and cultural workers outside of Lekra, to deeply study reality, learn the essential truths of life, and to behave in every way reality and truth. " It is easy to conclude that the essential truth, for Lekra, is socialist realism, a reality that exists in people's lives. For socialist realism, every reality, every fact, is only a part of the truth, not the truth itself.

They also encourage artists to achieve artistic beauty as high as possible. "In the arts, Lekra encourages initiative, encourages creative courage, and Lekra approves of every form, style, and so on, as long as he is loyal to the truth and as long as he strives for the highest artistic beauty" (Samboja, 2010).

The literary stage, which is dominated by literary Lekra with its totalitarian and violent ideology, has received resistance from other young artists. including Goenawan Muhammad. AriefBudiman, Boen S. Oemarjati, MochtarLubis, and Taufiq Ismail. Together with H. B. Jassin, WiratmoSukito, and TrisnoSumardjo they issued a statement which would later be called the Cultural Manifesto, on August 17, 1963. The Cultural Manifesto was later abbreviated to Manikebu by his political opponents. In their expression, they reject the concept of "politics is the commander" and the artistic ideology of "socialist realism". They proposed another ideology of art, which they called "universal humanism." The contents of the Cultural Manifesto are as follows.

"We, Indonesian artists and intellectuals, hereby announce a Cultural Manifesto, which states our stance, the ideals of our National Culture.

For us, culture is a struggle to improve the conditions of human life. We do not prioritize one cultural sector over another. Every sector strives together for that culture according to its nature.

In carrying out the National culture, we try to create with sincerity honestly as a struggle to maintain and develop our selfdignity as the Indonesian nation is a society of nations.

Pancasila is our cultural philosophy. "

These Manikebu artists expect a freer climate of creativity. However, his appearance



received strong protests and criticism, especially from artists and Lekra sympathizers. They think that art cannot be related to life in general, humanity in general. Art always deals with individual human problems. In short, art cannot express the universal and eternal values of everyone. They also considered that the Cultural Manifesto was similar to President Soekarno's Political Manifesto. For this strong reaction, on May 8, 1964, the Cultural Manifesto was banned by President Soekarno, because the Indonesian nation already had a Political Manifesto as a product of Pancasila (Maier, 2004).

A year after the ban on Manikebu (1964), to be precise September 30, 1965, there was an important episode (pivotal episode) that became a turning point in Indonesian history. This incident ended the Old Order government system and initiated the New Order regime, which was completely different in character and character (Taum, Literature, and Politics: Representations of the 1965 Tragedy in the New Order State, 2015). The Lekra stage was closed tightly, almost all of its artists and writers were killed (Muhammad, 1980). "The frenzied rumbling has not been heard since the incident which President Soekarno referred to as the Gestok erupted and burned all dry straw throughout Indonesia" (RhomaDwi Aria Yuliantri, 2008).

REPRESENTATION OF POLITICAL VIOLENCE IN LITERATURE

The cultural stage in the era of President Soeharto's government must follow the new order (order). The stage has been cleared of the political field. "It's bleached. Literary ones must return to literature. Music must return to music. Performing arts must return to the magnificent art building.... No longer should the people be allowed to organize stages in a free, glamorous, sloppy, and wild manner. Everything returns to the norm that returns to its nature "(RhomaDwi Aria Yuliantri, 2008).

What is the impact of the ban on the works of Lekra writers and the murder and banishment of those writers? Was political and military violence during the New Order represented in literary works?

The 1965 tragedy is the biggest one in Indonesian history (Giebels, 2005) and is one of the biggest mass killings in the 20th century (Hinton, 2004). Even though it is the largest mass murder of the 20th century, it is very surprising that this gruesome murder incident has almost disappeared from the collective memory of the Indonesian people and is hardly questioned by the world community. With great question marks, Hinton (2000) states that our knowledge of the 1965 revolution is lacking.

At this time, little is known about the horrors of Indonesian Revolution on 1965. It is really astonishing that this very big murderer almost vanished in Indonesian collective memory. The more disconcerted thing is that there are so few Indonesian scholars and writers who pay attention to address this tragedy.

This mass murder incident was rarely mentioned in history textbooks in schools during the New Order (Adam, 2004). In the field of literature, Foulcher notes that the historical events of the 1965 tragedy and the killings of the communists in Indonesia do not seem to have attracted the attention of writers to make them a source of creative writing (Foulcher, 2004). According to him, throughout the 1970s, creative literature in Indonesia hardly voiced the meaning of the events of 1965 and their consequences for the life of individuals, society, and the nation. According to the records of Yakob Sumarjo (Sumarjo, 1981), during the years 1970-1980, 210 novels were published in Indonesia consisting of 60 serious novels and 150 popular novels. Of that number, only 4 novels (so about 1.9%) mentioned the 1965 tragedy. During this period, history did not have a place in national literature because great writers were more interested in exploring personal experiences or writing about international issues.

In particular, in the field of poetry, Aveling saw the emergence of a flow of 'neo-romanticism' which emphasized the lyrical projection of melancholy and personal emotions rather than becoming a landscape of external images (Aveling, 1975). According to Aveling, thematically, such poetry sometimes shows artists as foreign adventurers, crossing a landscape that is open and empty without humans, usually at late night. The poetry trend that emphasized critical observation of the world and personal experiences was less popular and less popular at the time.

Indonesian writers are afraid to discuss the theme of power politics, especially those related to the 1965 Tragedy. Ahmad Tohari in "The Moral Responsibility of Indonesian Writers in Dealing with the Human Tragedy in PKI 1965 Revolt" (2003) Tohari notes and questions similar things.

1965 revolt in Indonesia led to the deaths of hundreds of thousands of people accused of communist associations. Tohari asks why there are so few Indonesian writers who address this tragedy?



How is the representation of the 1965 tragedy in literary works during the New Order? Studies show that the literary works produced during the New Order show the nature of power at that time. Literature sometimes fiercely resisted, fought humanistly, or compromised with power. Consider Table 1 below.

During the New Order Power Period				
Description				
	Representation			
	1965-1970	1971-1980	1981-1998	
The main features of the evolution of the New Order regime	Political consolidation & economic recovery. The anti-communist alliance was expanding. Dominant army. In the field of literature, there is still freedom of expression: resistance literature appears.	Economic growth is improving. Rulers focus on "political control." Ideological conformity is guaranteed by P4. Institutionalization of the anti-communist movement. In literature, there is no resistance.	The status quo of power cannot be challenged. Presidential authority strengthens. Anti- communist ideology entered the cultural area. In the field of literature, resistance continues.	
The 1965 tragedy out of literature (non-literary texts)	 The news of G30S through daily news of <i>Berita Yudha</i> and<i>Angkatan</i> <i>Bersenjata</i> (1965) The Establishment of Kopkamtib (1965) PenjaraPulau Buru(1969) The Commemoration of HariKesaktian Pancasila (1966) 	Pengkhianatan G30S/PKI (1973) 2) The publishing of	 The producting film of <i>Pengkhianatan G30S/PKI</i> (1984) The publishing book of <i>Tragedi Nasional Percobaan</i> <i>Kup G30S/PKI di Indonesia</i> (1989) The publishing of Buku Putih <i>Sejarah G30S Pemberontakan</i> <i>PKI</i> (1994) 	
The 1965 tragedy in the realm of literature (literary texts)	 "Pada Titik Kulminasi" Satyagraha Hoerip (1966) "Perempuan dan Anak- anaknya" Gerson Poyk (1966) "Bintang Maut" Ki Panjikusmin (1967) "Domba Kain" Ki Panjikusmin (1968) "Perang dan Kemanusiaan" Usamah (1969) "Musim Gugur Kembali di Connecticut" Umar Kayam (1969) 	 Menyerah Yudhistira Anm. Massardi (1979) 3. Jentera Lepas Ashadi Siregar (1979) 4. Kubah Ahmad Tohari 	 Trilogy of <i>Ronggeng Dukuh</i> <i>Paruk</i> Ahmad Tohari (1982) Anak Tanah Air Secercah Kisah Ajip Rosidi (1985) Jalan Bandungan Nh. Dini (1989) Durga Umayi Y.B. Mangunwijaya (1991) Para Priyayi Umar Kayam (1992) 	

 Table 1

 Literary Representations of the 1965 Tragedy

 During the New Order Power Period



	 "Ancaman" H. G. Ugati (1969) "Maut" Moehammad Sjoekoer (1969) "Bawuk" Umar Kayam 		
	(1970) 10."Malam Kelabu" Martin Aleida (1970)		
The power of relations and literary resistance models	Three types of resistance:1. StrongResistance2. Passive Resistance3. Humanistic Resistance	literature alienated from its world. Literature becomes only a 'locus' or fields of power game. Literature appears without criticism and	Three types of resistance: 1.StrongResistance 2.Compromise with the Power 3.Humanistic Resistance
Minimum Hegemony	Minimum Hegemony	resistance. Total Hegemony	Hegemony Declines

(Source: Literature and Politics, Taum, 2015: 267-268)

The table above shows that the production of literary works dealing with the theme of the 1965 Tragedy during the New Order period shows three stages of evolution. During the 1965-1970 period, 9 short stories with the theme of the 1965 Tragedy were produced. These short stories provided three types of resistance, namely hard resistance, passive resistance, and humanistic resistance. The New Order has demonstrated its hegemonic power to a minimum. In the period 1971-1980, 4 novels were published which were "isolated from their world". Literature is only a battlefield of interests. During this period, the New Order regime showed its hegemonic character. Furthermore, in the 1981-1998 period, 5 novels appeared. These works provided strong resistance, humanistic resistance, but some also compromised the rule of the New Order. The power of the New Order showed decadent hegemony.

Since the early 2000s, an astonishing phenomenon has emerged, namely the proliferation of memoirs related to the 1965 Tragedy. Some of them are (1) Memoar Pulau Buru by Hersri Setiawan (2004); (2) Diburu di Pulau Buruby Hersri Setiawan (2004); (3) Dari Kalong sampai Pulau Buru by Adrianus Gumelar Demokrasno (2006); (4) Kesaksian Tapol Orde Baru: Guru, Seniman, dan Prajurit Tjakra by Suyatno Prayitno (2003); (5) Kidung pada Korban: Dari Tutur Sepuluh Narasumber Eks-Tapol by Hersri Setiawan (2006). This list is likely to continue to grow. If we view these memoirs as literary works, then this phenomenon has jolted our consciousness. Apart from that, various literary works have also appeared, which I summarize in Table 2.

 Table 2

 Post-New Order 1965 Tragedy Novels

No	Pengarang	Judul	Tahun
1.	Umar Kayam	JalanMenikung	Jakarta, 2000
2.	AyuUtami	Larung	Jakarta, 2001
3.	EkaKurniawan	CantikItu Luka	Yogyakarta, 2002
4.	Noorca MMassadi	September	Solo, 2006
5.	Tinuk R. Yampolky	CandikAla 1965	Jakarta, 2011
6.	Leila SChudori	Pulang	Jakarta, 2012
7.	AyuUtami	ManjalidanCakrabirawa	Jakarta, 2013
8.	LaksmiPamuntjak	Amba	Jakarta, 2014
9.	Dhianita KhusumaPertiwi	Buku Harian Keluarga Kiri	Malang, 2019

(Source: Compiled from various sources)



This illustration shows that creative literature needs a conducive climate, especially freedom to express thoughts and feelings. The large number of bandings that were carried out during the New Order era made artists not free to work. Moreover, during the New Order, the PKI and all its *onderbow* were portrayed as a very frightening ghost. Anyone who touches on that problem will get into trouble.

THIRD PATH

Satyagraha Hoerip initiated the third path. In a rhetorical question, "Is it possible to make a kind of" dough "between established universal humanism and matured socialist realism?" (Hoerip, 1982). For me, we have to reexamine these artistic concepts for their relevance and contribution in developing literature in the country.

The principles of universal humanism are not everything. As quoted by Satyagraha Hoerip, H. B. Jassin "set aside" the principle of universal humanism when van Mook broke into Jogya and asked him to publish a magazine. The consideration was that the cannon muzzles of the colonialists were raging in the country.

The principle of socialist realism - which was believed by the Manikebu circles to be a bad artistic ideology, inhuman, which was seen with the struggle of the weak, marginalized - was certainly not a bad ideology. Nobody can say that the tetralogy of Pulau Buru by PramoedyaAnantaToer which is a socialist-realist is a bad literary cart, just because its characters fight for the emancipation of their position and fate. What I think needs to be rejected from Lekra is its slogan "politics as commander" (Hoerip, 1982). Art cannot be led by any sector: politics, social, economy, militarism, even aesthetics.

Aesthetic issues - which indeed need to be taken into account in literary works - are the question of how to present the problems in the human world into literary works of aesthetic value (Maier, 2004). In order to be useful for life, the principle of "art for art" is a choice that is no longer relevant to life. It is a quiet path that is comfortable, safe, and will not be disturbed because it is only occupied with itself. He will not question power, politics, economy, oppression, underdevelopment, poverty which are real problems in society.

After World War II, which had undermined belief in science, knowledge, and technology that destroyed the rights of human life, literature sought a new direction to have meaning for human society. In France, existentialist philosopher Jean-Paul Sartre brought to life the idea that artists have a responsibility to society. Therefore, the term "LittératureEngagée" (French: "engaged literature"; Ind: partisan literature) emerged, namely literature that sides with human issues. Writers consciously put themselves in real action. This position is also a reaction to the previous artistic dogma "art for art's sake" which is only complacent with literary means rather than with its readers.

The moral challenge for writers to be involved in defending humanitarian interests has led to the emergence of a new genre of "Human Rights Literature" which contains the idea of the need for literature to question - either directly or indirectly issues of "Human Rights". The concept of human rights literature became famous around 2010 when Vered Cohen Barzilay wrote an introduction to the anthology Freedom: Short Stories which shows the power of literature in changing society. Human rights literature believes that every human being has a moral obligation and the power to change society. Human rights literature firmly believes in the tremendous power that literature has in changing society.

After World War II, a partisan literary genre emerged, namely literature that was involved in politics and the ideology of real humanity. Literary criticism movements such as Feminism, Queer Criticism, Postcolonial, and cultural studies depart from the same basic ideas, which are related to literature and partisan politics.

The third path of Indonesian literary politics is "The mixture of universal humanism that is solidified with mature socialist realism!" Indonesian writers must have the freedom to create their works. He must be able to work on the themes of socialist realism that occur in the country, in all its sectors, including politics, power, economy, and culture. He must also be able to develop and achieve a high aesthetic taste.

II. CONCLUSION

Literature has an important position, role, and social responsibility as a catalyst in the life of the nation and country. Its role is very important in education and in shaping the character of the nation. Efforts to understand the characteristics of the growth and development of Indonesian literature along with the politics and ideology that it promotes and strives for are necessary so that we become wiser in fostering a climate that is more conducive to respecting the dignity of the Indonesian nation among nations.

The idea of the third path of literary politics is an idea that needs to be further explored and interpreted. The existence of the People's Cultural



Institute (Lekra) on the stage of Indonesian literary history for approximately 15 years (1950-1965), it must be admitted, has brought its color in Indonesian literary and cultural life. By adopting the aesthetic model of 'socialist realism', literature in Indonesia (not only those incorporated in Lekra) is in direct contact with the problems and struggles of the people to achieve a better standard of life. To achieve high artistic ideals, a climate of complete freedom needs to be given to writers in their creations. Thus, the ideology of Lekra art, socialist realism does not need to conflict with or be opposed to the ideology of universal humanism. The unity between the two artistic ideologies gave birth to a path in the politics of Indonesian literature.

Bibliography

- [1]. Adam, A. W. (2004). Pelurusan Sejarah Indonesia. Yogyakarta: TriDe.
- [2]. Ajoeb, J. (2004). Sebuah Mocopat Kebudayaan Indonesia. Jakarta: Teplok Press.
- [3]. Aveling, H. (1975). Gestapu: Indonesian Short Stories on the Abortive Communist Copu of 30th September 1965. Hawaii: South East Asian Studies Program.
- [4]. D. S. Moeljanto, T. I. (1995). Prahara Budaya: Kilas Balik Ofensif Lekra/PKI Dkk. Bandung: Penerbit Mizan.
- [5]. Foulcher, K. (2004). Menciptakan Sejarah: Kesusastraan Indonesia Kontemporer dan Peristiwa-Peristiwa 1965. In R. Cribb, The Indonesian Killings: Pembantaian di Jawa dan Bali 1965-1966. Yogyakarta: Mata Bangsa.
- [6]. Giebels, L. J. (2005). Pembantaian yang Ditutup-tutupi: Peristiwa Fatal di Sekitar Kejatuhan Bung Karno. Jakarta: Gramedia Wiraasarana.
- [7]. Hinton, A. (2004). Agents of Death: Explaining the Cambodian Genocide in Terms of Psychosocial Dissonance. Good Bad Genocide.
- [8]. Hoerip, S. (1982, 11). Mari Kita Kurangi Bergurau. Horison/XVII/ 11, pp. 338-344.
- [9]. Maier, H. (2004). On Novels and Happy Endings. In H. Maier, We Are Playing Relatives: A Survey of Malay Writing. Leiden, The Netherland: KITLV Press.
- [10]. Muhammad, G. (1980). Sebuah Post Scriptum. In G. Muhammad, Seks, Sastra, Kita. Jakarta: Penerbit Sinar Harapan.
- [11]. Rhoma Dwi Aria Yuliantri, M. M. (2008). Lekra Tak Membakar Buku: Suara Senyap Lembar Kebudayaan Harian Rakjat 1950-1965. Yogyakarta: Merakesumba.

- [12]. Samboja, A. (2010). Historiografi Sastra Indonesia 1960-an. Jakarta: Bukupop.
- [13]. Sumarjo, Y. (1981). Bumi Manusia Novel Pramoedya: Karya Novelis Terbesar Indonesia. In A. Asmara, Analisa Ringan Kemelut Roman Karya Pulau Buru Bumi Manusia Pramoedya Ananta Toer. Jakarta: Nur Cahaya.
- [14]. Taum, Y. Y. (2013). DN Aidit, Sastra, dan Geliat Zamannya. Sintesis Vol. 7 No. 1, 1-13.
- [15]. Taum, Y. Y. (2015). Collective Indonesian Memories of the 1965 Tragedy. The 1965 Coup in Indonesia:Questions of Representation 50 Years Later (pp. 168-178). Yogyakarta: Faculty of Letters Sanata Dharma University, 2015.
- [16]. Taum, Y. Y. (2015). Sastra dan Politik: Representasi Tragedi 1965 dalam Negara Orde Baru. Yogyakarta: Sanata Dharma University Press.